Kumon Grade 2 Geometry & Measurement Workbook Educator's Guide

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Using Kumon Calculations Workbooks: General Guidance

Kumon Calculations Workbooks follow the Kumon Method, a proven learning system from Japan that has helped millions of children worldwide develop math skills without frustration.

You can use Kumon Calculations Workbooks to **introduce new math skills** or **to provide additional support** after/alongside another program. The table below shows benefits of each approach.

| Using Kumon Workbooks to teach | Using Kumon Workbooks |
|---|--|
| a new skill | for additional support |
| Learn the new concept(s) using an efficient and targeted approach Avoid development of misconceptions Progress toward mastery of the relevant math facts and procedures Improve your child's mental calculation abilities and their ability to learn independently | Refine and deepen understanding of the concept(s) Solidify mastery of math facts and gain procedural fluency Identify and correct misconceptions Improve your child's mental calculation abilities and their ability to learn independently |

Please note that **for the full benefit of the Kumon Method**, including personalized learning plans and individualized instruction, take the next step and contact a Kumon Learning Center near you. Visit <u>www.kumon.com</u> for more information about our Learning Centers.

Important Steps

For all Kumon Calculations Workbooks, please use the following steps for best results.

| Timing | | | | |
|------------|--|--|--|--|
| • | We recommend having your child complete about one section (2 pages) a day. This should include the answer check. | | | |
| • | Each daily session is about 15 to 30 minutes. If your child is learning the skill for the first time, the learning session will be closer to 30 minutes. | | | |
| Sequencing | | | | |
| • | Even if your child is reviewing material, have them start on page 1 and work through the book page by page. Similarly, they should always work problems on each page in order. For best results, do not skip any content. | | | |
| | Kumon Workbooks are designed so the student "learns through doing"; therefore, the sequence of pages and | | | |

problems in each book is key to the instructional method and effectiveness.

Checking Answers and Moving On

- Checking and correcting answers is an essential part of the learning process. One approach is to have a parent or teacher mark the child's answers as either correct or incorrect. Then have the child correct the wrong answers.
- You may choose to require a perfect score before your child moves on the next section. If you use this approach, you can repeat each section as many times as you wish by erasing it and having your child redo it. Or, have your child write answers on a separate sheet.

Encourage Self-Learning

- One hallmark of the Kumon Method is the emphasis on learning through doing rather than passive absorption of information. This is why there is minimal direct explanation in the book; the understanding comes through working problems in sequence.
- Support your child in the self-learning process by allowing them to work independently on the problems, correct their answers, and reflect on their errors. We encourage you to ask questions to promote deeper engagement, but resist the urge to "just explain" what they should learn from the page.

For a daily plan and page-by-page guidance to support using Kumon *Grade 2 Geometry & Measurement*, see the next page.

KUMON Grade 2 Geometry & Measurement: Daily Guide

Using this guide

- This guide organizes the workbook into daily sessions of 2 pages each.
 Each daily session should last about 15 to 30 minutes.
- Fill in the Date column to keep track of your progress.





| Date | Book Section | PP. | Description | Educator Notes |
|------|-----------------|------------|---|--|
| | | | TOPIC: Revie | ew |
| | 1 2 | 2–3 4–5 | Review of single- and double-digit numbers Review of number lines and shapes | These activities serve as a review of previous geometry and measurement topics. If your child has difficulty with these activities, consider having them complete Grade 1 Geometry & Measurement first. |
| | | | TOPIC: Numbers u | p to 1000 |
| | 3 | 6–7 | Counting objects | Have your child group the objects before counting. Ask them to circle each group. For example, have them circle all the hundreds, then all of the tens, and then the ones. |
| | 4 | 8–9 | Place values | If your child needs visual support, allow them to draw a diagram before they answer. |
| | 5 | 10–11 | Number lines | Encourage your child to count each line carefully before writing the answer. For each number line, ask them how much each line represents (1, 10, 100, etc.). |
| | 6 | 12–13 | Number lines and calculations | For extra practice, have your child write out the addition or subtraction problem next to the question. |
| | 7 | 14–15 | Comparing numbers | If your child needs help, remind them to look at the hundreds place first when comparing numbers, then the tens column, and then the ones. Then have them draw a number line and label the two numbers. |
| | | | TOPIC: Numbers up | o to 10000 |
| | 8 | 16–17 | Counting objects | Have your child practice grouping the objects in different ways before counting to find the most efficient way. |
| | 9 | 18–19 | Place values | If your child needs visual support, allow them to draw a diagram before they answer. |
| | 10 | 20–21 | • Number lines | Encourage your child to count each line carefully before writing the answer. For each number line, ask them how much each line represents (1, 10, 100, etc.). |
| | 11 | 22–23 | Number lines and calculations | For extra practice, have your child write out the addition or subtraction problem next to the question. |
| | 12 | 24–25 | Comparing numbers | If your child needs help, remind them to look at the thousands place first when comparing numbers, then the hundreds and tens column, and then the ones. Then have them draw a number line and label the two numbers. |
| | | | TOPIC: Telling | Time |
| | 13 | 26–27 | Hours and half hours | Remind your child the difference between the hour hand and minute hand. Make sure that they understand what an hour and a half hour are. |
| | 14 | 28–29 | Five minute increments | You may need to explain to your child that the hour hand moves slowly throughout the hour. For example, at 8:55 the hour hand will be almost at 9. |
| | 15 | 30–31 | • Five minute increments | |
| | 16 | 32–33 | Drawing clocks | If you have a clock at home, you can ask your child to set the time on the clock to practice in a more hands-on way. |
| | · | | TOPIC: Leng | yth |
| | 17 | 34–35 | • How to measure length | If you have a ruler at home, have your child practice using a real ruler. Show them how to properly hold the ruler to measure objects. Demonstrate how you typically hold the object at the end of the ruler, but also show them that you can measure an object anywhere on the ruler and then calculate to find the length. |
| | 18 | 36–37 | Using a ruler | If you have a ruler at home, have your child look at the lines and |
| | 19 | 38–39 | Inches and feet | count the inches. |
| | 20 | 40-41 | Yards and feet | |

| Date | Book Section | PP. | Description | Educator Notes | |
|---------------|-----------------|-------|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| | 21 | 42–43 | Rulers and tape measures | If you do not have a tape measure at home, you can have your child make a simple one on paper or with a ribbon. This will allow them to see how a tape measure is more flexible and better for measuring things that are not flat. | |
| | 22 | 44–45 | Centimeters | If you have a ruler that has both inches and centimeters, have | |
| | 23 | 46–47 | Meters and centimeters | your child practice measuring the same object in inches and then in centimeters. | |
| | | | TOPIC: Weig | ht | |
| | 24 | 48–49 | Pounds and kilograms | Point out the difference between pounds and kilograms in these questions. If you have a scale at home, try measuring household | |
| | 25 | 50–51 | Pounds and kilograms | objects using both pounds and kilograms. | |
| | | | TOPIC: | Money | |
| | 26 | 52–53 | Counting coins | Have your child practice sorting and counting coins and bills at | |
| | 27 | 54–55 | Counting money | home. | |
| | 28 | 56-57 | Counting money | | |
| | 29 | 58-59 | Converting units | | |
| | 30 | 60-61 | Comparing value | | |
| | 21 | 62,62 | TOPIC: Triangles and Q | uadrilaterals | |
| | 31 | 62-63 | Combining triangles to create shapes | Have your child practice folding and cutting these shapes to | |
| | 32 | 64–65 | Counting sides | better understand now they can be assembled. | |
| | 33 | 66–67 | Connecting points to form shapes | | |
| | 34 | 68–69 | Cutting shapes | | |
| TOPIC: Review | | | | | |
| | 35 | 70–71 | Review | Have your child review their answers against the answer key. If | |
| | 36 | 72–73 | • Review | they miss any answer, they can return to that section for additional practice. | |